An analysis of changes in patterns of substance usage among substance users during COVID-19 pandemic period in Gampaha districts, Sri Lanka

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COVID-19 pandemic is affecting people including substance users' pattern of usage and associated complications. The objective of this study was to assess the changes in the pattern of substance usage in a selected group of tobacco, alcohol and other substance users such as heroine and cannabis. Mixed research methods were used to assess the pre and post status. The prestatus is defined as the period before the 1st COVID-19 patient was reported in Sri Lanka and the post-status is defined as 02 months after the lockdown period. A sample of 24 male substance users of age between 18 – 60 years was recruited for the survey using purposive sampling method. Semi-structured interviews were conducted through telephone calls. The participants were categorized into two groups based on the frequency of usage of a particular substance. The first group consisted with participants who use a particular substance 5 or more than 5 days per week (n=13). Among them, 61.53% was tobacco users, 23.07% was alcohol users and 15.38% was other substance users. During this pandemic period, 30.76% of participants have stopped, 38.46% have reduced and 30.76% have continued the usage as before. The second group consisted with the participants who use substance up to 4 days per week (n=11). Among them 63.63% were tobacco users, 18.18% were alcohol users and 18.18% were other substance users. During this pandemic period 54.54% have stopped, 36.36% have reduced the usage and 9.09% have continued as before. The factors responsible for the reduction and quitting of substance usage included: reduction of peer influence, limited availability, low income and fear of being contracted with COVID-19 and staying safe at home during this period. As per the results of the survey. the majority of participants in selected districts have shown a reduction of substance usage during the pandemic period.

Keywords: substance use, pandemic period, factors