## DIVERSITY OF MEALYBUGS (HEMIPTERA: PSEUDOCOCCIDAE) IN SELECTED AREAS OF KANDY DISTRICT

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Mealybugs is an important group of sucking pests in Sri Lanka that attack a wide range of host plants. However, host range of mealybug species under local condition is incomplete. Hence, this study, a field survey was conducted to identify mealybug species and their host range associated with perennial plants in selected areas in Kandy district of Sri Lanka. Randomly selected thirty locations in five divisional secretariats namely Pathadumbara, Poojapitiya, Kundasale, Yatinuwara and Harispatthuwa were surveyed and specimens were collected. Samples were identified up to genus level in the laboratory using taxonomic keys. The genera Paracoccus, Phenococcus, Ferrisia, Crisococcus, Planococcus, and Dysmicoccus were identified among the collected specimens. Phenococcus was the most abundant genus of all areas except in Yatinuwara. Highest mealybug diversity was reported in Harispattuwa, and all six genera were present. Recently introduced Paracoccus marginatus was also found in all locations except in Kundasale. Many of the genera identified were polyphagous. Wider host range was shown by Phenococcus, while Ferrisia had the narrowest host range. Hibiscus rosasinensis and Psidium guajava were found to be more susceptible in contrast to other host plants. Mealybugs were found in different parts of plant i.e. leaves, stems, fruits and flowers. Paracoccus were significantly high in stems than any other parts of host plants. The main plant part attacked by genus Phenococcus was leaves. Genus Ferrisia, was found only on leaves, in contrast to genus Planococcus, which showed significantly high abundance on stems and leaves than other parts. There was a significant association between honey dew production and ants infestation in mealybug colonies.

Keywords: Ferrisia, Mealybugs, Paracoccus, Phenococcus, Pseudococcidae